

The Daily Gazetteer.

MONDAY, AUGUST 19, 1745.

our last arrived the Mails from Holland and Flanders.

Petersburgh, July 27.

ER Imperial Majesty is expected here this Afternoon from Petershoff, in order to hasten the Preparations for the Marriage of their Imperial Highnesses; which, if we may guess from the Discourses held at Court, will be celebrated somewhat sooner than we expected. Those who are

informed, consider this as a mere Political Solemnity; and they assure us, that all these mighty Preparations for Feasts and Entertainments are but to many Eyes to keep the Eyes of the Publick employed, prevent their glancing behind the Scenes, before Time as the Curtain is ready to be drawn up. In short, when this important Marriage is once over, the Conduct of this Court will be more steady, and her Affairs much more intelligible.

Amstercdam, August 3. We are here upon the Eve of a very grand Event; a great Body of the Enemy's Troops, consisting of 8000 Horse and Dragoons, are expected as far as Castel San Giovanni, in our Neighbourhood; and we have all the Reason in the World to fear, that the 5000 Men, who have had a Passage through the Grand Duchy of Tuscany, and are now in the Territories of the Republick of Lucca, will pass the Mountains, and appear shortly in our Neighbourhood. It is from the Apprehension of this, that we keep our Gates close shut, which is indeed the only Defence we are able to make; since, notwithstanding the immense Sums raised by the Austrian Government, our Garison is very weak, and our Fortifications in a very indifferent Condition; and, as yet, the King of Sardinia has not been able to do any Thing for us.

Berlin, August 17. The reigning Prince of Dessau set out Yesterday for Kopenich, in order to review the Troops of Prussia's Regiment of Horse, and two others of Foot, besides one Battalion of Grenadiers, and the two Regiments of Hussars, which will altogether reinforce the Magdebourg Corps; 68 Carriages full of Warlike Stores are going thither, and Yesterday 15 Pieces of Cannon were embarked in Boats for that Place. The Commissary of the Hospitals has also taken the same Road. They are raising some new Companies of Huntsmen, and it is believed that a Corps of Troops will be sent upon the Frontiers of Lusatia, whilst the others are acting on the Side of Magdebourg or Halle. The Gens of Brandenburg and Pomerania are palisaded, and 400 Men employed thereupon. The Burghers are exerting, and are preparing for a vigorous Defence in Case of Attack.

Munich, August 11. Count Wurmbbrand, the First Bohemian Ambassador, set out the Day before Yesterday for Frankfort. Count Simzheim, the First Bavarian Ambassador, sets out from hence this Day, and stops at Munich.

Brussels, August 20. The Day before Yesterday a Grand Council was held here, in the Presence of the Count de Caunitz; at the rising of which, a Courier was dispatched to the Grand Duke of Tuscany, and another to the Hague. The Enemy have advanced a great Corps of Troops on the Side of the Rupal; and we have reason to think, have a Design upon Antwerp next. In proportion as they advance, the Court hastens the Preparations for its Departure; and the Duchess of Aremberg has actually ordered all her Moveables and rich Effects to be transported to Rotterdam. The Army of the Allies still continue in the Neighbourhood of Vilvorden; but from the Dispositions that are making, it is evident that they will soon be in Motion; and we are told, that it is in order to execute an Enterprize of Importance.

Hague, August 24. The last Letters from the Army have brought no News of Importance. His Royal Highness was taking proper Measures for the Defence of the Rupal, in case the French should attempt to pass it; and for the Security of Antwerp. Prince Waldeck's Compagnie Franche, with a Detachment of Dutch Dragoons, happening last Week to meet a Body of about 200 Grassins, had a smart Skirmish with them, in which the Dutch Detachment was victorious, and took two Captains, six Lieutenants, and about 100 Men, Prisoners. The Hanoverian Horse and Hussars that retired to Ostend, and some of Rich's and Cope's Dragoons, which took Refuge in Nieupoort after the Fight of Melle, are all

(except one Vessel, with about 30 Horses, that was sunk by a Bomb in coming out of Ostend, and of which the People were saved) arrived in Zealand, and gone forward, by Water, to Lillo, to proceed from thence to the Army. His Prussian Majesty has published a Manifesto against Saxony; and his Troops were to enter that Country on Friday last. Count Maurice of Nassau, who has been some Time in England for the Recovery of his Health, is arrived here.

I R E L A N D.

Dublin, August 10. We hear there are upwards of 3000 French Prisoners now confined at Kinsale.

This Week 33 Ships laden with Corn arrived here from England, and more are daily expected.

We hear from Kinsale, that the Captains of the two Prizes brought in by the Prince Frederick and Duke Privateers, are both dead of their Wounds.

Yesterday the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor issued a Proclamation for taking up all Vagrants and strolling Beggars.

The Old Noll Privateer has sent into Cork a large English Ship, taken some time ago by Seven French Men of War, which she retook in her Way to France. She is valued at 10,000 l.

She has also sent into Kinsale the Guernsey Privateer, which she retook from a French one. She went in pursuit of the Captor, and is hourly expected in with her.

Extract of a Letter from a Lieutenant on board the Prince Frederick Privateer, dated Kinsale, August 6.

In the Engagement which we had on the 12th of July with the Marquis d'Anin, and the Lewis Erasmus, our Shot went through and through them, when they did but stick in our Sides. The Duke, our Comfort, employ'd herself in chasing the Third Ship, who was greatly hurt by us. We were obliged to tow them for three Weeks, till we got here. These Ships went out four Years ago to Peru and Chili; and had on board, (which appears by their Bills of Lading now come to Hand) 1,000,000 Sterling of Gold and Silver Coin, besides 800 Tons of Cocoa; and we are every Day discovering more Treasure, that has been concealed. There were a great Number of Persons of Distinction of France, Spain, Peru, &c. We have a Marquis of France, a Governor of Peru, and Friars in abundance; one of whom threw a Gold Chalice into the Sea, rather than it should come into our Hands.

We took not the Value of a Penny, neither Rings, Watches, Money, or Swords, from any of those Gentlemen. We took all the Cash and Plate the Common People had; and at sending them ashore here, every common Man had 20 Guineas given him. We hope for a Convoy of at least five or six Men of War.

We are now over-hauling our Prizes, and moving the Cocoa into other Ships, and are every now and then finding Wedges of Gold. Besides, this Day the Spanish Gentlemen (finding we would not ransom the Ships, as they wanted) have discovered a vast Treasure hid in the Sides of the Ships; for which we are to give them a large Premium. I hope I shall be in Dublin by Christmas. I compute my Share, as near as we can guess, will come to about 3500 l.

F O R E I G N P O R T.

Elzenour, Aug. 17. The following Commanders are arriv'd; viz. Godfrid Volckring, from London for Seten; Olif Flincker, from Dublin for Stockholm; Jacob Geers and Hans Kloppeh, from Newcastle for Stralsound; Vorgen Rollason, from Aabensraade for Ireland; Joshua Reeve of Scarborough, from Gelfe for Hull; Newark Ingram, from Riga for Portsmouth; John Fawcitt, from Riga for London; John Dodgson, Samuel Towers, Thomas Leathon, and Paul Pennington, from Riga for Lancaster; John Bible, from Ostend for Dantzick; Andrew Kennedy, from Dantzick for Dumfries; Marcus Brasch, for Stockholm for London; John Barnby, from Stockholm for Yarmouth; William Duncan, from Koenigsburgh for Greenock; Peter Miller, from London for Wolgast; John Dickinson of Berwick, from Dantzick for Ostend; Thomas Bell, from Stockholm for Hull; Nicholas Thompson, from Dantzick for Dublin; John Thompson, from Riga for Newcastle; Thomas Widger, from Riga for Plymouth; John Cook, from Koenigsburgh for Hull; Thomas Balcey, from Newcastle for Stockholm; James Kilpatrick, from Riga for London; John Slade and James Hurst, from Petersburg for Liverpool; Thomas Glegg and John Deutchman, from Narva for London. I have had Advice from Copenhagen, that the News about the French Indiamen be-

ing taken, is true; but there are only Three, and the Fourth is a Register, or Manila Ship. Cap. J. J. J. and his Fleet sailed from Flemish Road the 13th ult. in the Morning; they were the next Day met by the Scaw; and as the Wind has been in their favour, I hope they will soon get Home. I cannot yet hear any certain News what's become of Dagaer since he left Pillau; but it is belie'd he has left his Ship. Peter Elgie of Hamburg, who was coming from Seten, with Staves for Bourdeaux, has had the Misfortune to be stranded on the Coast of Sweden, near Talskrobo, but I can't tell whether Ship or Cargo will be sav'd. Ships from the Baltick drop down apace, so that this Fleet will be the largest that has been this Season; it's hop'd they will have a Convoy proportionable.

H O M E P O R T S.

Bristol, August 15. This Day arrived the Virginian, Lewis, and the Enterprize, Collins, in 31 Days from Virginia. They came out with four or five Ships for London, but don't know their Names, but say they are gone North about. The Neptune, Captain Crawford, and three others from London, were arriv'd at Virginia, and carried in with them a Ship from Martinico.

Deal, August 16. Wind S. W. and blows hard. Came down his Majesty's Ship the Royal George, and remain with the Men of War, and the Outward-bound as per list. Sailed the Warren, Saltish, and Spy Privateers to the Westward, with the New Ranger, Lawton, for Antigua.

Gravesend, August 15. Paid by the Adventure, Partridge, from New England; the John Gale, Craig, from Jersey; the Mary and Dorothy, Gifford, and the Christian, Morland, from Elfsberg; the Mary, Paine, from Faro; the Neptune, Thornton, the Maryn, Costes, the Brotherhood, Woodall, the Joe and Eliza, R-ston, and the John and Alexander, Watson, from Riga; the Assurance, Thornland, the Susanna and Sophia, Fenwick, and the Mercury, Albert, all from Stockholm; the Content, Story, the William and Jane, Clark, the Anne, Scott, the Mary, Reddard, the Matthew and Josiah, Storen, and the Wright, Bishop, all from Norway; the Robert and Richard, Greenwood, the John and Mary, Hall, the Hamburg Arms, Myers, the St. John, Wittegrove, the Dispatch, Skipper, the City of Hamburg, Scamson, and the City of London, Milleck, from Hamburg; the Hope, Hickfield, and the Florence, Grout, from Seten; the Olive Branch, Page, from Petersburg; the John and Eliza, Caban, from Gottenburgh; the Nancy, Nisbett, from Narva; the Generous Betty, Chiney, and the Star, Lievertop, from Dantzick; the Hope, Henderson, the St. Philip, Booyiman, and the Eagle, Rolus, from Bremen.

L O N D O N.

A long Answer has been already published to the Memorial presented by the Prussian Minister to the Dyet of Election, in which he principally insists upon these Three Points; First, Whether only such Electors have been invited as are in a Capacity of voting? Secondly, Whether the Electors are able at present to act freely, and in perfect Security? Thirdly, Whether no Sort of Influence has been used, contrary to the Golden Bull? The First regards the Vote of Bohemia; the Condition of the Elector Palatine is hinted at in the Second; and the Electors of Saxony, Bavaria, and Coognat, are thought to be the Objects of the Third.

The First Column of the Hessian Troops are actually in March for the Low Countries; and it is said that a Negotiation has been set on a Foot for obtaining another Body of the same Troops for the Service of the Maritime Powers.

There are Advices from Silesia which say, that not only the Prince of Anhalt Dessau is set out for the Army in the Neighbourhood of Magdebourg, but that his Prussian Majesty in Person is actually gone to put himself at the Head of those Forces; and that General Count Schmettau is gone Post from Berlin, to take upon him the Command of the Army in Bohemia; but perhaps some Part of this News stands in need of Confirmation.

There were two Spanish Officers Passengers on board the St. Paul, belonging to Rochelle, brought into Plymouth by Admiral Martin's Squadron; viz. Don Felix Zoldran, Knight of Malta, Captain of the Color, sunk at Carthage; and Don Francisco Orofco, Captain of a Frigate.

The Parliament, which stands prorogued to Thursday the 22d Inst. is further prorogued to Thursday the 19th of September next.

Last Night his Grace the Duke of Richmond, arrived at his House in Privy Garden, Whitehall, from his Seat at Goodwood in Sussex.

Last Saturday Mr. Jones, Deputy Comptroller of the General Post-Office, was married to Mrs Quelch, Relict of Mr. Quelch, late an eminent Seedsmen on London Bridge.

Last Week died at Henley upon Thames, in Oxfordshire, Dr. Cotton, an eminent Physician there; late one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City of Westminster.

Yesterday his Excellency the Earl of Chesterfield, and his Lady, set out for his Seat at Bretby in Derbyshire; where he will continue for a few Days, and from thence proceed for Holyhead, in order to embark for Ireland.

From the London Gazette.

Whitehall, August 17. Letters from Edinburgh, of the 11th Instant, bring an Account, that a French Vessel of 16 or 18 Guns had appeared on the West Coast of Scotland, which, after having cruized for some Days off the Islands of Barra and Uist, stood in for the Coast of Lochaber, and had there landed betwixt the Islands of Mull and Skie, several Persons, one of whom, from the general Report, and from several concurring Circumstances, there is the greatest Reason to believe is the Pretender's Son.

Whitehall, August 17. Yesterday an Express arrived from General Chanclos, Governor of Ostend, dated the 24th Instant, N.S. with an Account, That on Sunday last, in the Night, the French attacked that Place at Low Water in several Parts, and were repulsed with great Vigour; that the next Morning, the Governor having assembled the Officers commanding the several Regiments, it had been resolved, as the Place could not be maintained, to capitulate; and accordingly the following Articles of Capitulation were concluded and signed by General Chanclos, and Count Lowendahl, Commander in Chief of the French Troops before Ostend.

The Garrison, and all that depends on it, as Engineers, Officers of Artillery, Receiver and Comptroller of the Fortifications, and others employed in the Service, may march out with all Military Honours, and even thro' the Breach if the Governor thinks fit, and each Soldier shall have 24 Charges. Agreed.

The Garrison and its Dependents shall be conducted by a suitable Escort to the Austrian Territories, and may carry with them six Pieces of Cannon of 24 Poundsers, and two Mortars.

The Garrison shall take no more than two Pieces of Cannon, of 8 or 12 Poundsers, and two Mortars.

The rest of the Article is agreed.

The Garrison shall be furnished, at the Expence of the Country, with Boats and Carriages to convey their Effects, Furniture and Equipages, beginning from the Governor to the lowest Soldier. Agreed.

The Governor shall take Care to give Notice what Quantity of Carriages or Boats he shall want.

The Sick and Wounded of the Garrison, as well Officers as Soldiers, may remain in the Place till they are cured, but at their own Expence; and after they are cured, shall be conducted to the Austrian Territories, and enjoy the same Conditions as the Garrison. Agreed.

In case Fort St. Philip is not in the Hands of his Most Christian Majesty, the Garrison of the said Fort shall enjoy the same Capitulation as the Town of Ostend. Agreed.

It is likewise demanded, that the Inhabitants, Merchants, and Citizens of Ostend, continue to enjoy the same Privileges as they do at present.

This Article concerns the King, and the Inhabitants may hope for every Thing from the Clemency of his Most Christian Majesty.

In Consequence of which, one Gate shall be delivered to the Troops of his Most Christian Majesty, and Commissaries shall be admitted, to whom the Magazines and Arsenals shall be truly delivered, as likewise all that belongs to the Place.

As soon as this Capitulation shall be signed, one Gate shall be delivered to the King's Troops, and Commissaries shall be received, to whom the Magazines and Arsenals shall be truly delivered, as also all that belongs to the Place.

The Garrison of the Place shall march out four Days after the signing of the Capitulation on both Sides. Agreed.

The Garrison may likewise take Provisions with them on the March. Agreed.

23 Aug. 1745. Sign'd, Chanclos, Governor of Ostend.

Count Lowendahl, Commander of the King's Troops at the Siege of Ostend.

In Consequence of this Capitulation, the Transports were ordered into this Harbour to embark the Garrison.

BANKRUPTS.

Alexander Dick, of London, Merchant.
Betty Chanter, of the Parish of Cornham in the County of Wilts, Widow, Clothier and Ch. pwoman.
John Sealy, of the Borough of Wilton, in the County of Wilts, Clothier.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge,	04 02	04 20

Bank Stock, 143. India, 173 1-half. South Sea, 103 1-half. Old Annuity, 107 3-4ths. New ditto, 106. Three per Cent. Nothing done. Ditto 1743, 86 1-half to 87. Ditto 1744, 86 1-half to 87. Ditto 1745, 86 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, Nothing done. London Assurance, Nothing done. India Bonds, 11. to 14 s. only. Bank Circulation, 51. 5 s. Six Tillies, Nothing done. Ditto 1745, 7 Discount. Three per Cent. Exchange Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Life Annuities, 14. Million Bank, 115. Equivalent, 110. Tickets, 101. 10 s. 6 d.

Admiralty-Office, August 17, 1745.

Whereas, notwithstanding the repeated Admonitions and Directions of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, for the more speedy holding the Courts Martial to enquire into the Conduct and Behaviour of several Commanders and Officers of his Majesty's Fleet in the late Engagement near Toulon, the same hath not hitherto been effected, which has been in great Measure owing to the Number and Distance of the Witnesses to be examined, previous to such Trials, as well as to the Variety and Extent of the Materials necessary for the several Charges; some of which have been but lately exhibited.

Their Lordships thinking it absolutely necessary to forward the said Trials with all possible Dispatch, in Consideration of the Justice due to the Publick, of the many Inconveniencies the Service itself suffers, and of the great Hardships the Parties concerned, both as Evidences and Principals, labour under, until the Matters depending are determined, do hereby declare, That the said Courts Martial are fixed for the 1st of October next; and do direct all Persons concerned, to prepare and hold themselves in Readiness to attend upon that Day, at such Place as shall be appointed for the said Trials. And furthermore, it is their Lordships express Command and Direction, that all Witnesses do pay immediate Obedience to such Summons, as they shall from Time to Time receive, in order to their Examinations, as they will answer the contrary at their Peril.

Thomas Corbett.

Tower of London, August 17, 1745.

THE Principal Officers of his Majesty's Ordnance do hereby give Notice, That whosoever will discover to them any Arms, concealed in any Part of Great Britain, so as the same may be properly secured, till his Majesty's Pleasure shall be known therein; the Name or Names of the Person or Persons, who shall make such Discovery, shall be concealed, if required; and he, or they, shall receive, as a Reward for the same, after the Rate of Twenty-five Pounds for every One Hundred Arms, and so in Proportion, be the Number more or less.

By Order of the Board,

Charles Bush.

J. NEWBERRY,

Removed from the Bible and Crown, without Temple-Bar, to the Bible and Sun, near the Chapter-House, in St. Paul's Church-Yard;

Of whom may be had, Wholesale and Retail,

(By Authority of the KING's Royal Letters Patent)

MR. Greenough's Tinctures for Cleaning and Preserving the Teeth, and Curing the Tooth-Ach. Price 1 s.

2. Dr. Hooper's Female Pills. Price 1 s.

3. Betton's Only True British Oil. Price 1 s.

Likewise,

4. Friar's Balsam of Health. Price 1 s.

5. The Golden Cephalick Drops for the Head. Price 1 s. 6 d.

6. Daffy's Elixir truly prepared. Price 1 s. 3 d.

As also,

Great Variety of Common Prayers and Bibles in the neatest Bindings.

This Day is Published,

(Price Sixpence)

W A R. A Poem. In Blank Verse.

O, qui, vult insipias

Cades, & rabiem tollere?

Printed for J. Roberts, near the Oxford-Arms in Warwick Lane.

This Day is Published,

The 5 venth Edition, (wherein is inserted a Method of instantly curing the most torturing Fits of the Cramp without Trouble, or the taking or using any Medicine whatever) with some very material Additions.

A Treatise of the Diseases of the Head,

Brain, and Nerves, more especially of the Palsy, plexy, Lethargy, Epilepsy, Convulsions, Cramp, Vertigo, Megrims, inveterate Head-ach, &c. with Directions for their thorough Cure, and how these and many other terrible Nervous Distempers may be assuredly prevented, as certainly cur'd, and consequently many Lives saved by Medicines therein, in English, prescribed, without the Reserve. To which is subjoined,

A Discourse of MELANCHOLY in Men, and Vapours in Women; explicating the whole Train of Symptoms, and discovering a short and most certain Method of Cure, by which Persons of either Sex, who are unhappily affected with Melancholy or Vapours, may absolutely cure themselves of those pernicious Distempers in a short time, without Fatigue or Disorder. By a Physician.

London, printed and sold by the Author's Apprentices only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haymarket Yard in the Minories. Price bound 2 s.

BETTON's Only True British Oil,
Published by Virtue of the KING's Royal Letters Patent.

WE, Michael and Thomas Betton, Inventors and Patentees of the said only true British Oil, having, since June, 1743, discontinued supplying the said Oil, let with the same, give this publick Notice, That it is now sold Wholesale and Retail, by our special Appointment, William and Cluer Dacey, and Company, at Dr. Bateson's Warehouse in Bow Church-yard, London; where all Merchants, Captains of Ships, Shop-keepers, and others, are desired to apply for the same.

Michael Betton,
Thomas Betton.

This Oil is an effectual Remedy for many Disorders incident to Human Bodies. It is an absolute Cure for all Rheumatism and Rheumatick Diseases, for all old Contusions and Contractions of the Nerves; or contracted and withered Limbs, Strains, Ulcers, old Sores, all fixed and wandering Pains; it dissolves Nodes, cures the Palsy, Lameness, Swellings, Distortions, St. Anthony's Fire, and King's Evil; cures every all Blackness of a Fall or Bruise in an Hour's Time, and cures all Swellings that usually attend such Accidents. It cures all green Wounds and Cuts, if speedily applied. It is an infallible Remedy for the Rickets in Children, it cures the Cure for the Leprosy of ever so long standing, very much helps to knit broken Bones, and is an excellent Antidote against Poison. Inwardly taken it cures Ulcers of the Lungs, Shortness of Breath, Consumptions, Phthisick, Coughs, and all Disorders of the Breast or Lungs; it also cures Deafness of Admiration; it cures all Surfeits in Cows or Horses, all Hardness or Stoppage in the Maw, the Blagets of Mice in Sheep, &c.

N. B. It will expel Poison, heal the Bite of a Mad Dog, and is an absolute Cure for the most obstinate Itch that has defied the Force of all other Medicines.



* Observe, That the Bottles which contain the said only True British Oil, are sealed with the Arms, as in the Margin, under Words, (Betton's Invention, by the KING's Patent) and it; all others being notorious Counterfeits.

And whereas several unscrupulous People have of late made Trade of Hawking an Oil about the City and Country, from Door to Door, by the Name of the British Oil, which they imitate the credules Shop-keepers, and others, for the True Sort: We think it our Duty to caution the World against such scandalous Counterfeits, and in Opposition to our most valuable Oil, and in Contempt of his Majesty's Patent.

The GREAT RESTORATIVE,
Being a pleasant Compound Medicament, Chymically prepared of the choicest Anti-Hystericks in the whole of Chymistry.

WHICH speedily and infallibly cures all HYSTERICK DISEASES, whether chondriack Melancholy in Men, or Vapours in Women, ever circumstanc'd, or to what Degree, (soever advanced, and ever so long standing, so as never to return again).

This Medicine having cured Thousands of Men and Women of Melancholy and Vapours, may be depended on for a perfect Cure; it strikes immediately at the first Cause of this Distemper, and entirely destroys it Root and Branch, rectifies the vitiated Ferment in the Stomach, which is generally the chief Cause, and thereby cures Indigestion, purifies the Blood and Spirit, strengthens the Brain and Nerves, cures the whole Frame, stops Vomiting, clears the Head from confused Thoughts, removes Fear or Sadness, disturbs the Twitchings of the Arms or Legs, cures Palpitation, or Thumping of the Heart; and indeed all other the many and various Symptoms that attend this grievous Distemper; it cures away the Cause, and the Effect will cease.

It is sold for 4 s. 6 d. the Bottle, at Mr. Sandwell's Toffee at the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Buckler's Alley, in the Poultry and no where else. Where it has been sold for 40 Years, with the greatest Success and Benefit to the Patient, notwithstanding the many Counterfeits since its first Publication.